

Prosthetic Dentistry: textbook

КУПИТИ



The national textbook focuses on the issues regarding clinical biomechanics of the dentomaxillary system, examination methods and modern techniques for pain management in prosthetic treatment. It also includes the clinical pattern and prosthetic treatment methods for patients with partial and complete loss of teeth, as well as clinical and laboratory stages in denture manufacturing. The textbook consists of five corresponding modules and contains original illustrations. The textbook is intended for use by dental students, internship dentists, undergraduates, residents of the dental faculties at the institutions of higher education, dental practitioners, research members engaged in the field of Dentistry.

Prosthetic DENTISTRY

Edited by

Corresponding Member of the National Academy of Medical Sciences of Ukraine, Professor **M.M. ROZHKO**, Professor **V.P. NESPRIADKO**

NATIONAL TEXTBOOK

RECOMMENDED

by the Academic Council of Ivano-Frankivsk National Medical University as a national textbook for dental students, internship dentists, undergraduates, residents of the dental faculties at the institutions of higher education, dental practitioners, research members engaged in the field of Dentistry

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CONTENTS

	AUTHORS' NOTE	
	HISTORY AND DEVELOPMENT OF PROSTHETIC DENTISTRY	
Module 1	CLINICAL BIOMECHANICS OF THE HUMAN MASTICATORY APPARATUS	
	ONTOGENESIS OF THE PRIMORDIAL MASTICATORY APPARATUS	
	ONTOGENESIS OF THE SECONDARY MASTICATORY APPARATUS	
	Mandible and maxilla development	
	Neonatal oral cavity	23
	Mechanisms and timing of tooth eruption	
	The mandible	
	The hard palate	
	The temporo-mandibular joint	
	Muscles of the masticatory apparatus	
	Muscles elevating the MANDIBLE (MASTICATION group)	
	Muscles PROTRUDING the MANDIBLE (MASTICATION group)	
	MuscleS DEPRESSING the MANDIBLE (suprahyoid group)	
	Muscles of facial expression	36
	Questions for self-control	
	Morphology of teeth	
	The structure of dental arches	
	Occlusal curves	
	Bite. Types of bite	
	Articulation and occlusion	
	Types of occlusion	
	Sagittal and transverse occlusal curves	30
	functions	51
	Functionally oriented groups of teeth	
	The oral cavity as a resonator for the pronunciation of words.	
	Role of teeth and tongue in the process of clear pronunciation	53
	Periodontium. Parodontium. Structure and functions	
	Oral mucosa and its role in prosthetic treatment	56
	Masticatory reflexes	

Sagittal, vertical and transverse mandibular movements and muscles	
performing them	9
Questions for self-control	32
EXAMINATION OF PATIENT IN THE DENTAL PROSTHETIC CLINIC	33
Clinical methods of examination	
Visual examination of the patient and examination of the face	
Examination of the temporomandibular joints and masticatory muscles 6	
Examination of facial bones and regional lymph nodes	
Determining the tooth mobility	
Questions for self-control	
Odontoparodontogram according to V.Yu. Kurliandskyi	
Detection of premature teeth contacts with occlusiogram	
Examination of the occlusion state with T-scan III device	
Questions for self-control	
SPECIAL (ADDITIONAL) EXAMINATION METHODS	
X-ray examination methods)5
Examination and assessment of anatomical and topographic conditions	patoetti.
for implantation	
Instrumental methods	
Methods for determining the masticatory efficiency	9
Graphic methods for recording mandibular movements and the functional	
state of the masticatory muscles	22
Questions for self-control	22
Electromyographic examination of the masticatory and facial muscles 12	23
FUNCTIONAL DIAGNOSTIC METHODS	25
Laser flowmetry	25
Method for examining the fixed one-piece porcelain fused to metal	
dentures applying DIAGNOdent device	34
Apexlocation, galvanometry	
Questions for self-control	
Clinical tests in prosthetic dentistry	
Diagnostic laboratory methods	
Diagnosis of denture-related stomatitis	
Questions for self-control	
Diagnostic process in prosthetic dentistry	
Plan and tasks of prosthetic treatment	
Medical history	
Questions for self-control	
LOCAL ANESTHESIA IN THE CLINICAL PROSTHETIC DENTISTRY15	U
Indications and contraindications to local anesthesia in the clinical	
prosthetic dentistry)U
Collection of anamnesis and examination of the patient before anesthesia	2000
and subsequent prosthetic intervention	
Questions for self-control15	
Drugs for local anesthesia	
Anesthetics for the application anesthesia	55

	Anesthetics for the injection anesthesia	. 157
	Local anesthetics of the amide group	. 158
	Pharmacokinetic characteristics of local anesthetics	
	Modern physiological mechanisms of local anesthetics effect	
	Premedication	
	Questions for self-control	.165
	Anesthesia techniques	
	Maxillary conduction anesthesia	
	Mandibular conduction anesthesia	
	Questions for self-control	
	Local complications associated with the injectable anesthetics	
	Questions for self-control	
	General complications associated with local anesthesia	
	Questions for self-control	
	Allergic reactions	
	Questions for self-control	
VIE	DICAL TACTICS AND SURGICAL TECHNIQUES WHEN PREPARING TEETH	
-0	R ARTIFICIAL CROWNS	.192
	CHNIQUES FOR IMPRESSION TAKING	
	Taking an alginate complete anatomical impression	
	Taking a double impression	
	Taking a double one-step impression	
	Taking a partial double occlusal impression	
	Taking unloading functional impression	
	Taking compressive functional impression	
PR	OSTHETIC TREATMENT FOR TOOTH CROWN DEFECTS	
	TH ARTIFICIAL CROWNS	.226
	Indications and contraindications to the use of artificial crowns	
	Evolution in technological improvement of crown manufacturing	
	Questions for self-control	
	Stamped full metal crowns	
	Plastic crowns	
	Portion crowns	
	Three-quarter crown	
	Equator crowns	
	Telescopic crowns	
	Questions for self-control	
	Full cast crowns	
	Metal-plastic crowns	
	Porcelain fused to metal crowns	
	Metal-free zirconia crowns	
	Veneers	
	Questions for self-control	
RF	STORING THE PARTIAL DEFECTS OF DENTITIONS WITH BRIDGES	
-	Bridge constructions	
	Biomechanics of bridges	

Indications and contraindications to prosthetic treatment for dentition	
defects with bridges	272
Selection of abutment teeth for bridges	274
The basic principles of bridges design	
Questions for self-control	
Clinical and laboratory stages of soldered bridges manufacturing	
Prosthetic treatment for dentition defects with full cast bridges	
Metal-plastic bridges	
Prosthetic treatment for dentition defects with porcelain fused to metal	
bridges	303
Adhesive bridges	
Questions for self-control	322
Removable bridges with supportive-retentive clasps	
Split-cast fixed bridges	
Clinical evaluation of bridges	
Errors and complications which may occur when applying bridges	327
Questions for self-control	328
FIXATION OF NON-REMOVABLE PROSTHETIC CONSTRUCTIONS	
OF DENTURES	328
TECHNIQUE OF CUTTING AND REMOVING THE PROSTHETIC	
CONSTRUCTIONS	334
RESTORATION OF DENTITION INTEGRITY WITH REMOVABLE CONSTRUCTION	S
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS	
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES	355
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES	358
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES	355
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base	355
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention.	355 357 358
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base	358 358 358 358
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth. Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures. Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures. Lock (articulated) attachments.	358 358 358 358 358
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures Lock (articulated) attachments Attaching the clasp to the denture	355 357 358 358 358 366
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures Lock (articulated) attachments Attaching the clasp to the denture Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation.	358 358 358 358 368 366
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures Lock (articulated) attachments Attaching the clasp to the denture Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation. Questions for self-control.	355 357 358 358 366 366 367
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures. Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures. Lock (articulated) attachments. Attaching the clasp to the denture. Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation. Questions for self-control. Technique for designing artificial dentitions.	358 358 358 358 368 366 367
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures. Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures. Lock (articulated) attachments. Attaching the clasp to the denture. Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation. Questions for self-control. Technique for designing artificial dentitions. Questions for self-control.	358 358 358 358 368 366 367
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures Lock (articulated) attachments Attaching the clasp to the denture Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation. Questions for self-control Technique for designing artificial dentitions Questions for self-control RESTORATION OF DENTITIONS WITH CLASP DENTURES IN CASE OF THEIR	358 358 358 358 368 366 367 376
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures Lock (articulated) attachments Attaching the clasp to the denture Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation. Questions for self-control. Technique for designing artificial dentitions Questions for self-control. RESTORATION OF DENTITIONS WITH CLASP DENTURES IN CASE OF THEIR DEFECTS	358 358 358 358 368 366 367 376
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures Lock (articulated) attachments Attaching the clasp to the denture Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation. Questions for self-control. Technique for designing artificial dentitions Questions for self-control. RESTORATION OF DENTITIONS WITH CLASP DENTURES IN CASE OF THEIR DEFECTS Indications and contraindications to the use of the clasp dentures	358 358 358 358 368 366 366 376 376 390
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures Lock (articulated) attachments Attaching the clasp to the denture Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation. Questions for self-control. Technique for designing artificial dentitions. Questions for self-control. RESTORATION OF DENTITIONS WITH CLASP DENTURES IN CASE OF THEIR DEFECTS Indications and contraindications to the use of the clasp dentures Fixation and stabilization of the clasp dentures	355 357 358 358 365 366 367 376 376 390
CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention Mechanical means of fixing dentures Lock (articulated) attachments Attaching the clasp to the denture Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation. Questions for self-control Technique for designing artificial dentitions. Questions for self-control RESTORATION OF DENTITIONS WITH CLASP DENTURES IN CASE OF THEIR DEFECTS Indications and contraindications to the use of the clasp dentures Fixation and stabilization of the clasp dentures Clasp system for fixing the arch denture	358 358 358 358 368 366 366 376 376 396
OF DENTURES IN CASE OF PARTIAL DEFECTS CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES Denture base. Artificial teeth Fixation of partial removable laminar dentures Anatomical retention. Mechanical means of fixing dentures Lock (articulated) attachments Attaching the clasp to the denture Selection of abutment teeth for clasp fixation. Questions for self-control. Technique for designing artificial dentitions. Questions for self-control. RESTORATION OF DENTITIONS WITH CLASP DENTURES IN CASE OF THEIR DEFECTS Indications and contraindications to the use of the clasp dentures Fixation and stabilization of the clasp dentures	358 358 358 358 368 366 366 376 376 396

Planning the design of the clasp dentures	408
Diagnostic, working and auxiliary models	414
Parallelometry, methods of conducting	
Questions for self-control	
Technology of manufacturing the soldered clasp dentures	423
Technology of manufacturing the full-cast frame with taking the wax	
reproduction from the model	424
Technology of manufacturing the full-cast clasp dentures on refractory	
models	426
Manufacturing the refractory model	
Modeling the clasp denture frame	430
Adjustment, fixation and correction of the clasp dentures	441
Questions for self-control	446

CLINICAL PRESENTATION AND PROSTHETIC TREATMENT FOR EDENTULOUS PATIENTS

EXAMINATION OF PATIENT WITH COMPLETE ABSENCE OF TEETH	448
Clinical presentation of complete absence of teeth	450
Classification of jaw atrophy	452
Assessment of the state of the prosthetic bed mucosa	
SPECIAL PREPARATION OF THE ORAL CAVITY BEFORE PROSTHETIC	
TREATMENT	456
Questions for self-control	458
FIXATION, STABILIZATION AND EQUILIBRIUM OF COMPLETE REMOVABLE	
LAMINAR DENTURES	459
FUNCTIONAL IMPRESSIONS AND THEIR CLASSIFICATION	461
Custom trays	
Techniques for taking functional impressions	
Fitting the custom tray on the edentulous mandible	
Fitting the custom tray on the edentulous maxilla	
Techniques for taking the compression impressions	
EVALUATION AND FIXATION OF THE CENTRIC RELATION	
OF EDENTULOUS JAWS	477
Anatomical and physiological method for determining the interalveolar	***
height	482
DEVICES REPRODUCING MANDIBULAR MOVEMENTS	490
Occluders	
Articulators	
Individual recording of the mandibular movements	
Extraoral method for recording the mandibular movements	
Katts-Efron-Gelfand phenomenon	
Questions for self-control	
ANATOMICAL DESIGN OF DENTITIONS ON GLASS	407
Anatomical construction of dentitions in progenic and prognathic jaw	437
	E00
relation	500

Articulation theories and their practical significance for the construction of artificial dentitions for complete removable dentures. Questions for self-control. Evaluation of the complete removable dentures. Final modeling the wax bases for removable dentures. Mounting the models, ways of plastic packing in dental flasks. Polymerization modes. Treatment of removable dentures after polymerization. Questions for self-control. FIXATION OF COMPLETE REMOVABLE DENTURES. CORRECTION, ADAPTATION PROCESSES. Agents for fixing removable dentures. Response of the prosthetic bed tissues to removable dentures. Features of repeated prosthetic treatment for patients with complete removable dentures.	501 504 508 509 510 510 518 519
Questions for self-control	524
PARODONTAL DISEASES	
PROSTHETIC TREATMENT FOR PARODONTAL DISEASES. Classification of parodontal diseases Gingivitis. Types of splinting and classification of splints Splints for the anterior group of teeth. Splinting teeth with system of guywire dentures Adhesive technology when splinting the movable teeth. Splints for the masticatory group of teeth Removable splints Single splint for the dentition The role and place of prosthetic treatment in the comprehensive therapy for parodontal diseases Questions for self-control. PROSTHETIC TREATMENT FOR PATHOLOGICAL ATTRITION	528 530 531 535 535 539 541 543 544 549
OF THE HARD DENTAL TISSUES	549
Etiology and pathogenesis of pathological attrition of the hard dental tissues Classification of pathological attrition of teeth Prosthetic treatment for pathological attrition of the hard dental tissues Questions for self-control PARTIAL LOSS OF TEETH COMPLICATED BY DENTITION DEFORMATION. Etiology, pathogenesis of partial loss of teeth complicated by dentition deformation	550 554 558 558
Classification of partial tooth loss complicated by dentitions deformation Preparation and prosthetic treatment in case of partial tooth loss	
complicated by dentition deformation	

TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT DISORDERS	568
Pain syndrome in case of the temporomandibular joint dysfunction	569
Arthritis, arthrosis. Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical presentation	570
Mandible dislocation and subluxation	572
Methods of treatment for the temporomandibular joint disorders	574
Questions for self-control	578

MAXILLOFACIAL PROSTHETICS

PK	OSTHETIC TREATMENT FOR PATIENTS WITH DENTOFACIAL DEFECTS	580
	History of maxillofacial prosthetics development	580
	Maxillofacial injuries	582
	Classification of jaw fractures	
	The mechanism of fragments displacement in case of fractures	584
	Emergency care in maxillofacial injuries	587
	Questions for self-control	588
	Classification of splints and devices used in maxillofacial prosthetics	588
	Bite, crown and ring dental splints	. 592
	Dentogingival and gingival splints	.593
	Transport splints	
	Questions for self-control	. 597
	Fractures of the maxillary alveolar process and the mandibular alveolar	
	part	597
	Maxillary fractures	
	Prosthetic treatment for mandibular fractures	
	Prosthetic treatment in case of neglected fractures with persistently	
	displaced fragments and bone defects	. 602
	Improperly consolidated mandibular fractures	
	False joints	. 605
	Jaw contracture	. 608
	Microstomia	. 609
	Questions for self-control	
	Postoperative defects of the maxillofacial area	.612
	Prosthetic treatment after maxillary resection	.612
	Prosthetic treatment after mandibular resection	
	Prosthetic treatment for facial defects	. 616
	Prosthetic methods in comprehensive treatment of patients with	
	congenital and acquired palatal defects	. 623
	Prosthetic treatment for congenital palatal defects	. 624
	Methods of prosthetic treatment for acquired palatal defects	
	Prosthetic treatment for patients with soft palate defects	. 628
	Therapeutic maxillofacial gymnastics	
	Questions for self-control	
PR	OSTHETIC TREATMENT WITH IMPLANTS	. 633
	Historical review on the implant dentistry development	

	Features of clinical examination of patients when planning dental implant	
	surgery	634
	Planning the prosthetic treatment with implants	
	Diagnostic models, wax and 3d-modeling	
	Materials for implants manufacturing	
	Implant components	639
	Classification of implants	
	Abutments, their types and use	
	Custom tray manufacturing in prosthetic treatment	
	with implants	645
	Methods of impression taking in prosthetic treatment with implants	645
	Taking impressions according to the open tray technique for	
	manufacturing prosthetic constructions fixed on implants	645
	Clinical and laboratory stages of implant-supported bridge manufacturing	648
	Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacturing a complete removable	
	laminar bar-supported denture	650
	Questions for self-control	652
TESTS	~	653
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AUTHORS' NOTE

The path to the development of the professional dental skill is full of learning the basics, new conceptions and methods, analyzing and differentiating already known information. The well-compiled textbook which will help you to deeply and comprehensively master the subject of prosthetic dentistry is the important assistant on this path. It was this task that the authors faced when creating and writing the textbook on prosthetic dentistry.

Despite the widespread introduction of e-learning, classic printed textbooks will remain a reliable and important source of information while pursuing higher education for a long time to come.

The textbook on prosthetic dentistry has evolved in parallel with the rapid development of dental science and practice. The educational process is changing, Ukrainian dental students study according to the Bologna system, which provides for a credit-module training system. This was taken into account when compiling the textbook. The material is systematized into five modules in accordance with the requirements of the academic program. The block of tests is compiled considering the main sections of prosthetic dentistry and qualification requirements for a licensed test exam, which is a component of the state certification of students in the specialty «Dentistry».

The textbook presents information corresponding the current level of the dental science development, completely complies with the program provided for the study of prosthetic dentistry.

The authors focused on the clinical features, diagnosis, prosthetic treatment of the dental pathology and complications resulted from the use of various constructions of dentures. The assimilation of the material is provided by a large number of illustrations, which make the complex information more available from the first pages of the textbook.

We will be grateful to the readers for all the comments and suggestions on the textbook, since it will help the team of authors to improve its quality. We hope that the textbook presented will help more than one generation of Ukrainian dentists to become professionals in their field.

INTRODUCTION

Prosthetic dentistry is an integral part of the general dentistry and the independent section of the general orthopedics.

The founder of orthopedics is the French surgeon Nicolas Andry (1658–1742), who in 1741 published his work «L'onthopedie», that is, «Orthopedics, or the art of preventing and correcting body deformities in children». The term «orthopedics» consists of two Greek words: orthos — straight, correct, fair and paideia — to educate, to train. When introducing this term, Andri had in mind the correct upbringing of children (physical) and defined orthopedics as «the art of preventing deformities in children and treating them».

Prosthetic dentistry is aimed to provide the same tasks in the area of the dentition and maxillofacial skeleton.

Prosthetic dentistry as the independent discipline has passed a difficult and long way of its development. Currently, it is the developed scientific discipline, which consists of general and special courses. The general course is propaedeutic (preparatory) one.

The special courses include three main sections: Prosthetic Treatment, Maxillofacial Prosthetics and Orthodontics.

The propedeutical course in prosthetic dentistry comprises the anatomical and physiological features of the masticatory apparatus, issues on biomechanics, occlusion and articulation, general and special methods of examining a patient in prosthetic dentistry clinic, clinical materials science, laboratory techniques for the manufacture of dentures and various prosthetic devices.

Prosthetic dentistry provides the prosthetic treatment, diagnosis, clinical presentation, prevention and elimination of defects in teeth and dentition resulting from the certain pathological process.

Maxillofacial prosthetics studies diagnosis, clinical presentation, prevention, the issues on prosthetic treatment, correction of deformities of the jaws and face caused by trauma, hostilities, diseases, and various operations.

Orthodontics studies the treatment of persistent anomalies and deformities of teeth, dentition and occlusion as well as the methods of their prevention.

Prosthetic dentistry in the modern vision is a branch of clinical medicine which studies the etiology and pathogenesis of diseases, anomalies, deformations and injuries of teeth, jaws and other organs of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region, and also develops the methods for their diagnosis, treatment and prevention.



MODULE

2

RESTORATION
OF DENTITION
INTEGRITY WITH
REMOVABLE
CONSTRUCTIONS
OF DENTURES IN CASE
OF PARTIAL DEFECTS

Prosthetic treatment of patients with partial loss of teeth, considering the studies of some authors (V.A. Labunets, 2000; M.M. Rozhko, 1993), tends to spread. The number of patients who need removable dentures is constantly growing. Thus, according to V.A. Labunets (2000), in Ukraine the number of patients who need the treatment with removable constructions is 53.8 % per 1000 examined.

In case of partial loss of teeth, if it is impossible to restore the dentition integrity with fixed constructions, they use removable dentures (partial laminar and clasp). The selection of removable denture design depends on the location and size of the defect, number of teeth preserved on the jaws, their hard tissues and parodontium state, degree of anatomical retention, state of the alveolar processes and parts, maxillary tuberosity, state of the hard palate.

Treatment of patients with partial loss of teeth with fixed dentures, obviously, provides the preventive and curative effect, but also has serious disadvantages. In particular, the need for significant preparation of dental hard tissues, the feasibility of fixed dentures application only in the presence of the dentition defects, the impossibility of effective hygienic care of the oral cavity and dentures, very limited indications for the use in prosthetic dentistry.

To some extent, the removable dentures do not have these disadvantages. In most cases, there is no need to prepare the abutment teeth. Moreover, in the area of the defect when applying the removable dentures, you can use artificial teeth on artificial gums of various shades, which is of aesthetic importance, and in the presence of good clinical conditions — without artificial gums (adjusted to the alveolar process). Removable dentures are easy to remove from the oral cavity for hygienic care. There are clear indications and contraindications to their use.

Partial laminar dentures restore only a small part of the lost masticatory efficiency, in most cases only by 10-15 %. Moreover, the removable dentures transmit masticatory pressure mainly to the oral mucosa and the bone base. This is a serious disadvantage compared to fixed dentures, since the mucosa is not phylogenetically adapted to the masticatory pressure, and the use of various types of clasps leads to traumatic occlusion, which causes loss of abutment teeth and requires repeated prosthetic treatment of patients.

The functional differences of these constructions depend on their design features.

CONSTRUCTIONS OF REMOVABLE LAMINAR DENTURES

Each removable denture has its design features, which are determined by the position and size of the defect, number of remaining teeth, state of the mucosa lining the prosthetic bed, preservation of the alveolar processes and alveolar parts, the hard palate dimentions and other anatomical features. Despite the variety of available designs, you can find the elements used in all types of removable dentures. These include: base, retaining elements (clasps), artificial teeth (Fig. 2.1). The arch denture, in addition to the base and retaining elements, includes the arch with processes (Fig. 2.1, b).

Denture base

The base of removable laminar denture is a plate made of plastic or metal, on which artificial teeth and fixing devices are fixed in the oral cavity. The base of the denture on the mandible is placed on the alveolar part, and on the maxilla — on the alveolar process and the palate. Masticatory pressure from the artificial teeth is transmitted through it to the prosthetic bed mucosa.

General medical contraindications to the use of plastic bases include: plastic allergy, epilepsy, bruxism, anatomical features of the prosthetic bed, occupational peculiarities. The main disadvantage is the repeated breakage of plastic bases. It is advisable to use metal bases in people with multiple included, but small defects of the dentition, for prosthetic treatment of patients with loss of only central or lateral incisors. Metal-based dentures are recommended for the treatment of patients with deep occlusion complicated by decreased interalveolar height. In case of jaw narrowing, conventional dentures reduce the already small oral cavity, which makes it difficult to speak, move the tongue and chew.



Fig. 2.1. Partial laminar (a) and clasp (b) dentures



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